



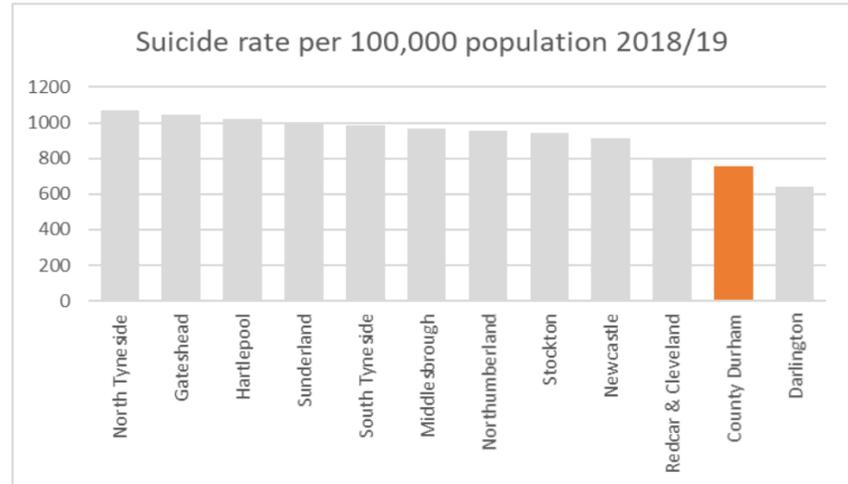
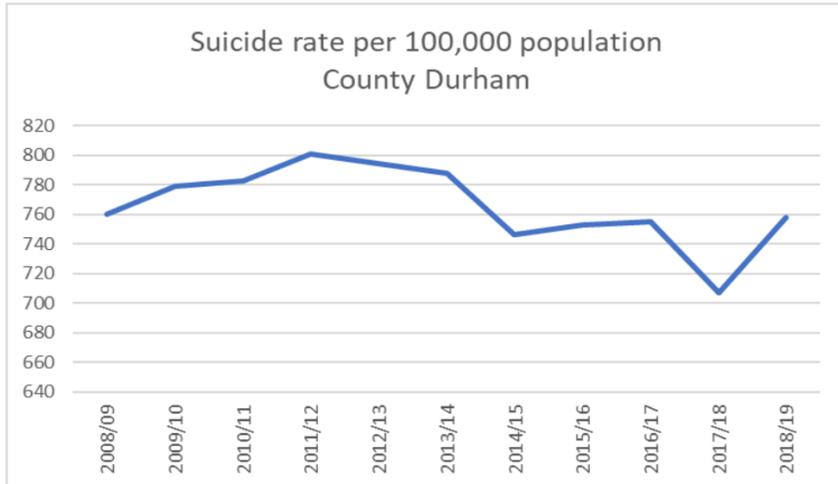
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Mental Health Indicators - Commentary

Suicide rate per 100,000 population

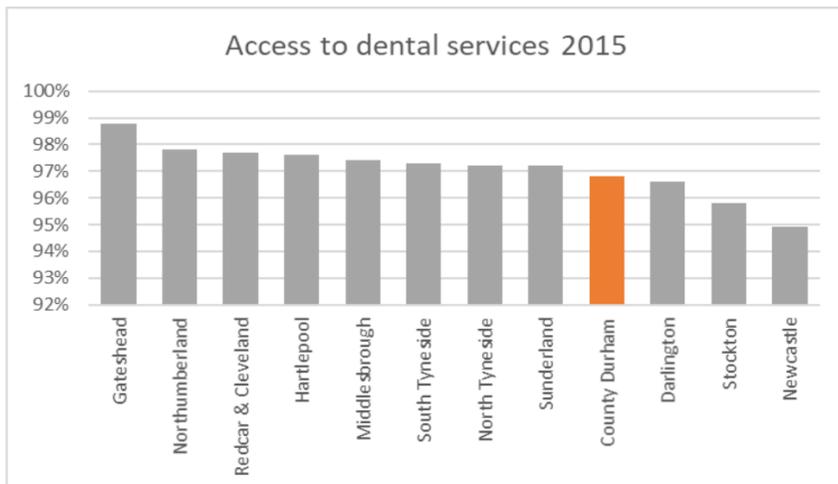
Age-standardised mortality rate from suicide and injury of undetermined intent per 100,000 population



Suicide rates for County Durham during 2018/19 were among the lowest in the North East - however the relatively low number of suicides completed mean that for many smaller authorities rates are best looked at over a three year aggregated period. For 2017-19, County Durham is significantly above the England average for suicide rate, male suicide rate and potential years of life lost.

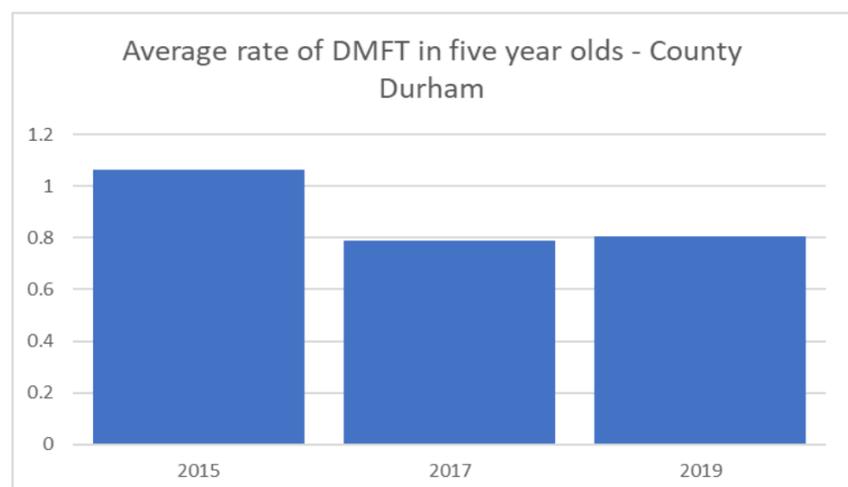
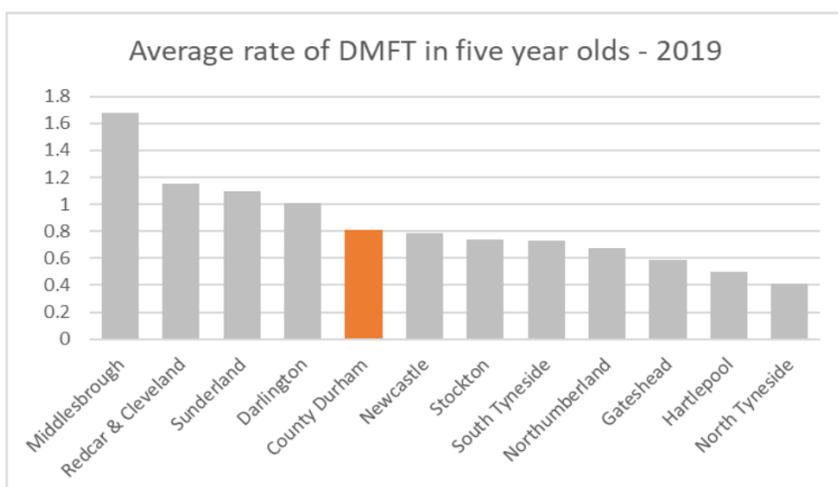
Oral Health Indicators - Commentary

Access to NHS dental services - successfully obtained a dental appointment



Average rate of DMFT (decayed, missing or filled teeth) in five year olds

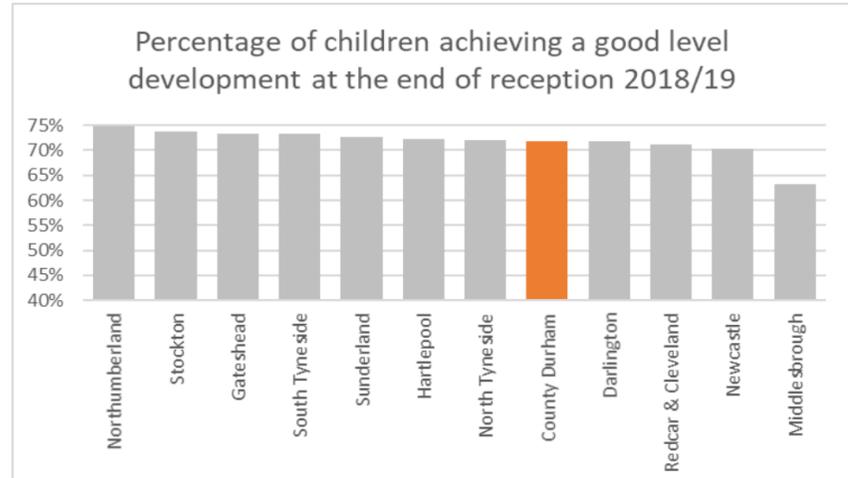
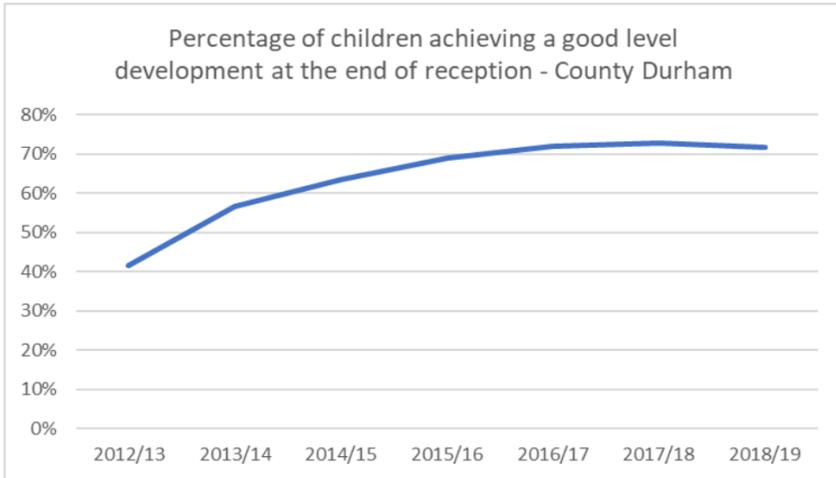
Mean severity of tooth decay in children aged five years based on the mean number of teeth per child sampled which were either actively decayed or had been filled or extracted decayed/missing/filled teeth



County Durham is broadly in line with the regional average.

Children & Young People Indicators - Commentary

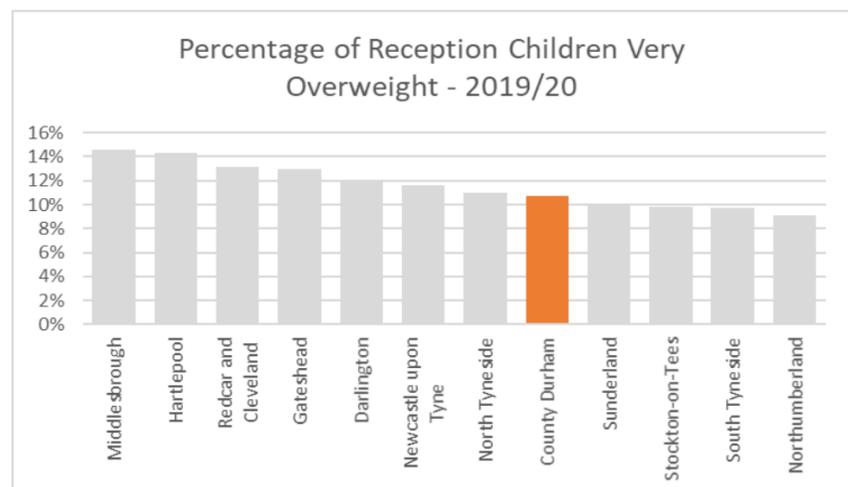
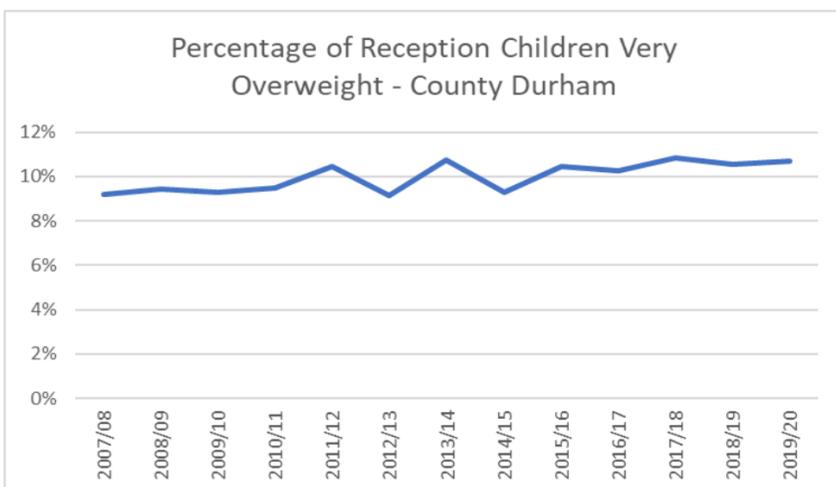
Emergency admissions for asthma per 100,000 population



County Durham has a lower proportion of children achieving a good level of development at the end of reception than the regional average. Achievement increased from 2012/13 to 2015/16 before levelling out.

Percentage of reception children very overweight

Number of children in Reception (aged 4-5 years) classified as obese (including severely obese) in the National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) attending participating state maintained schools in England as a proportion of all children measured.

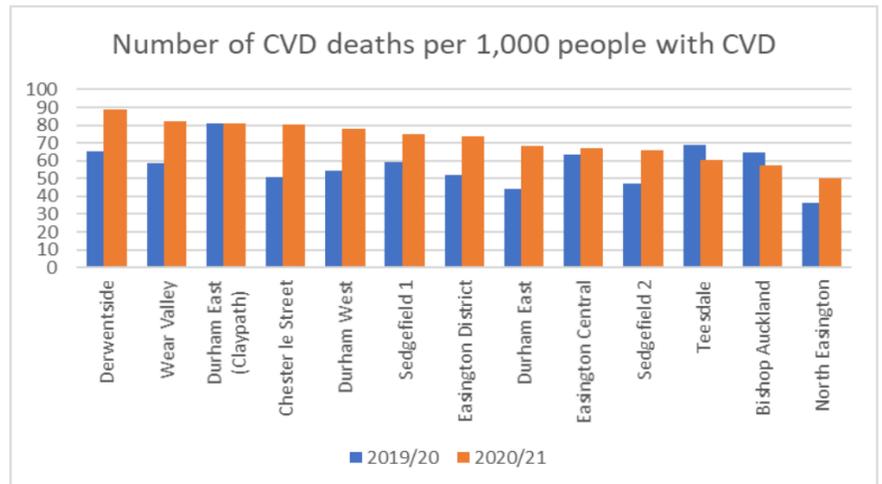
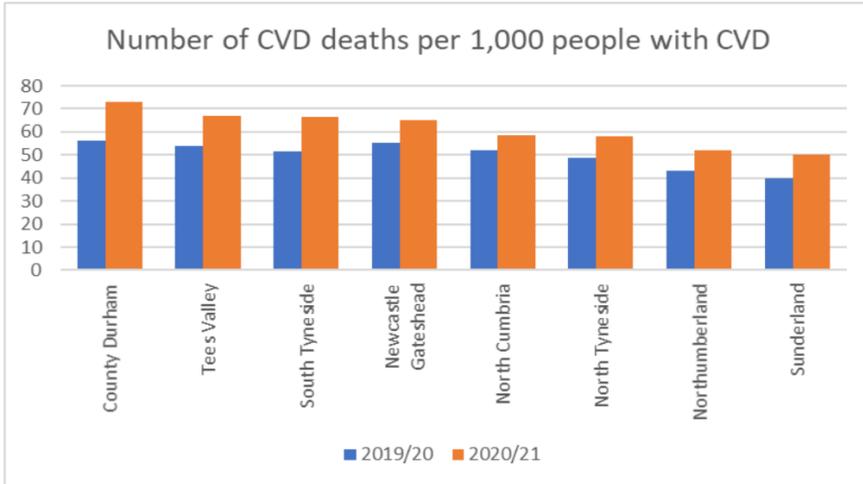


The general trend over time is towards a higher proportion of reception children being obese or very obese. County Durham has a slightly lower proportion of obese children than the regional average. The highest rates of reception class obesity are found in the Tees Valley.



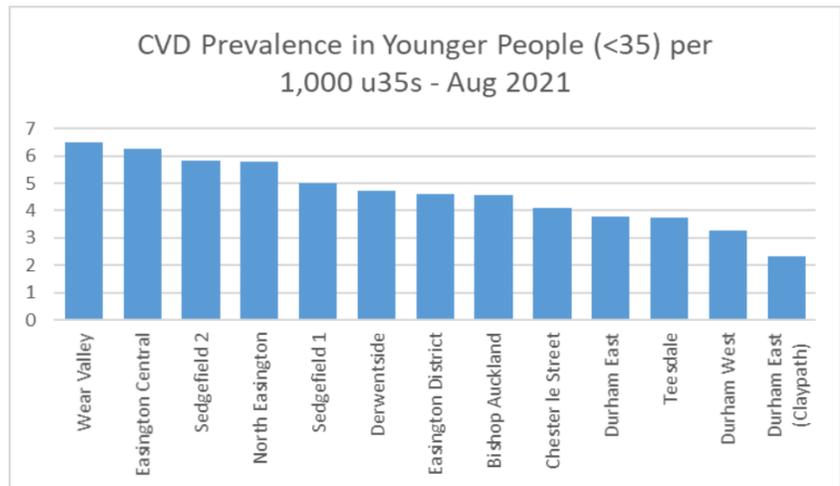
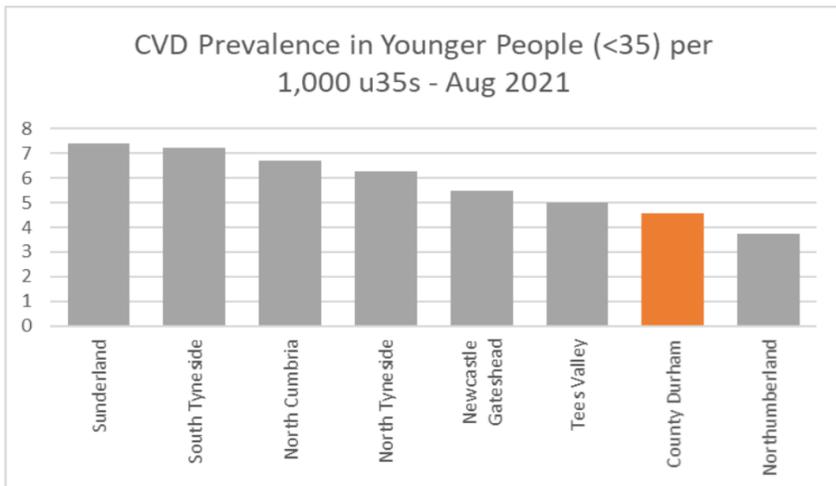
CVD Indicators - Commentary

Number of CVD Deaths per 1000 people with CVD



County Durham had the highest rate of CVD deaths in the North East for both 2019/20 and 2020/21. Deaths increased between 2019/20 and 2020/21 in 10 of 13 County Durham PCNs.

CVD in Younger People (<35) per 1,000 Under 35s

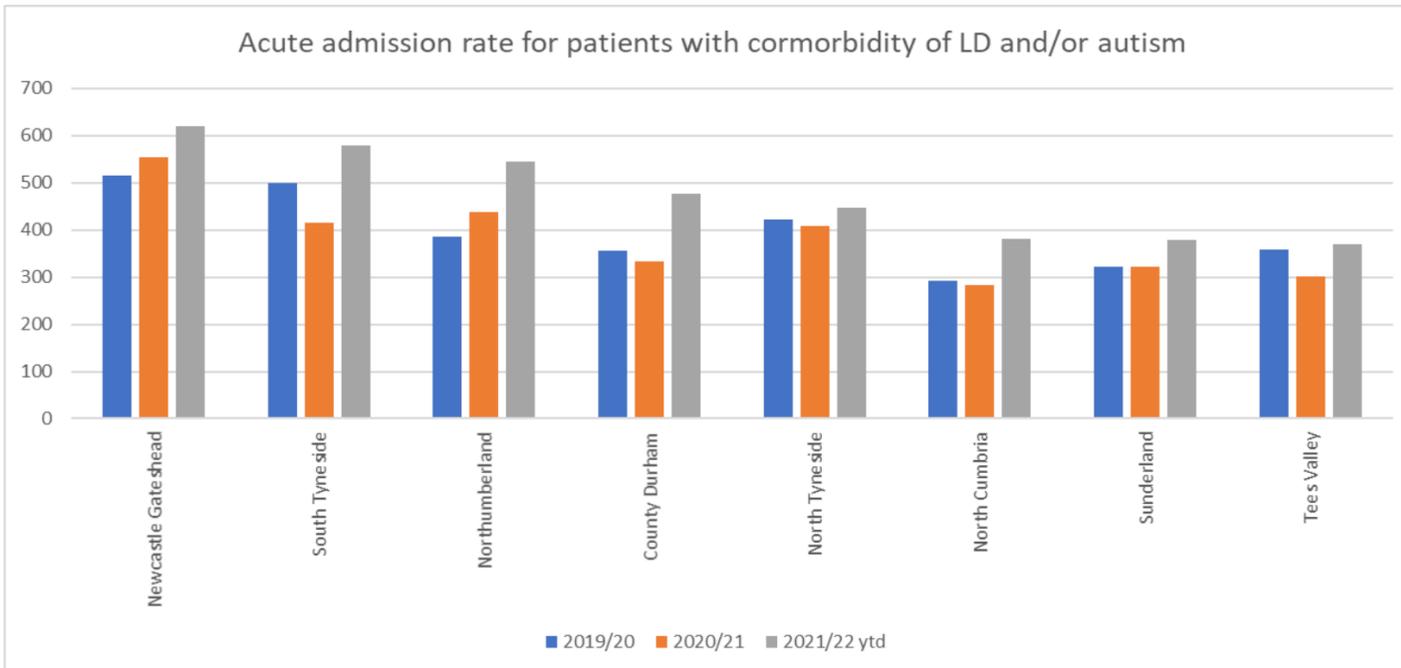


County Durham has one of the lowest recorded prevalences of CVD in the North East & North Cumbria region. Further work will be necessary to establish whether this is because of low underlying prevalence or less effective identification of patients with CVD. There is variation in prevalence for under 35s at practice level, with the former DDES area having the higher recorded prevalence rates.

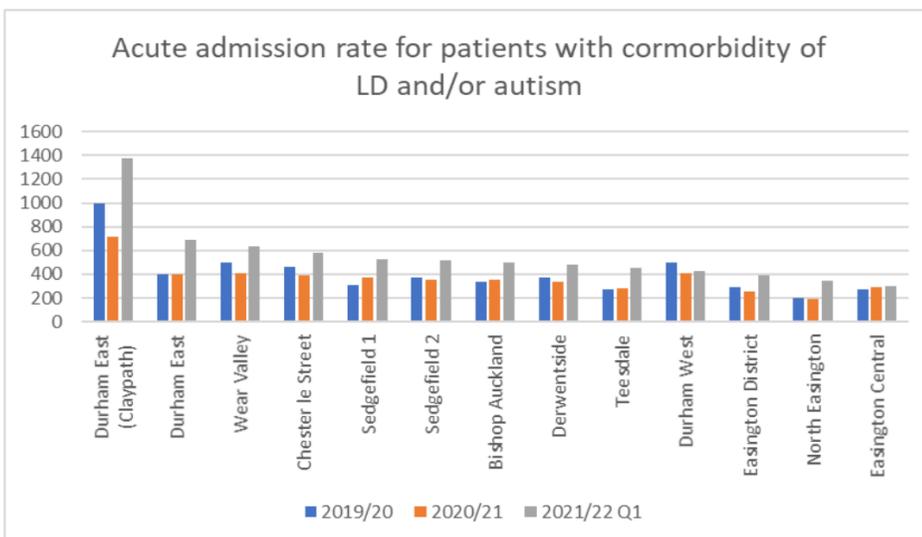


Learning Disabilities and Autism Indicators - Commentary

Acute admission rate for patients with comorbidity of LD and / or autism



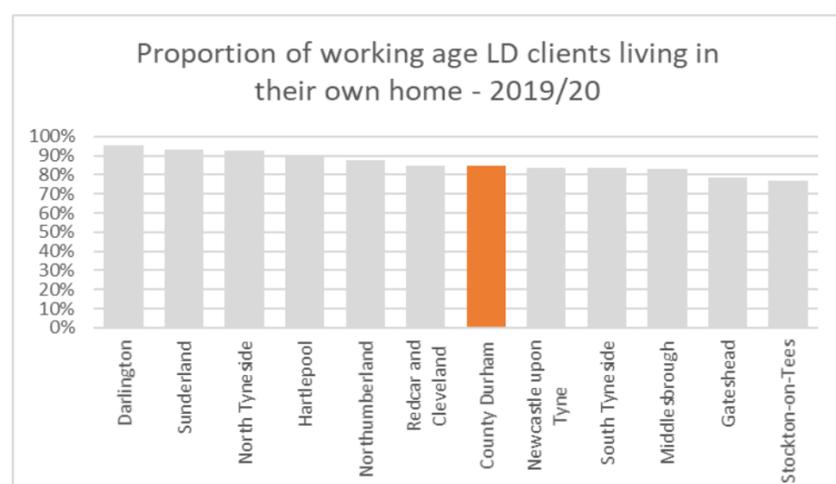
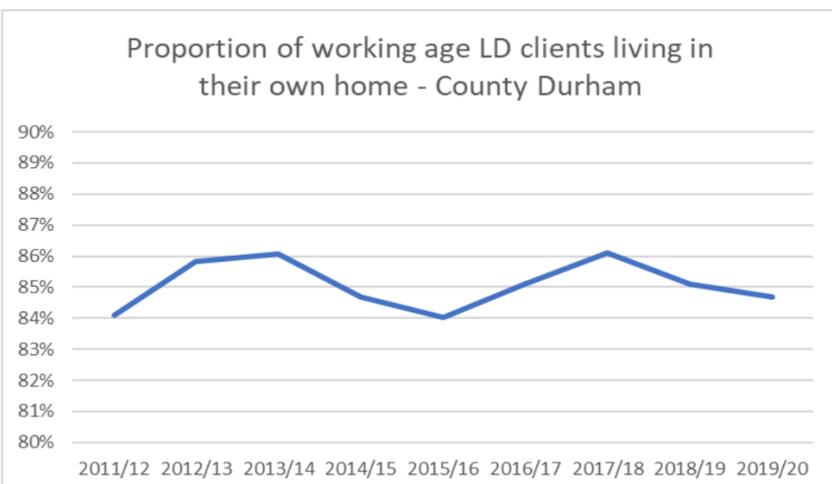
In common with all other North East and North Cumbria CCGs 2021/22 YTD has seen an increase in admissions.



Rates of admission at highest in the Durham East, Wear Valley and Chester le Street PCNs. Rates have risen since 2019/20 for almost all PCNs.

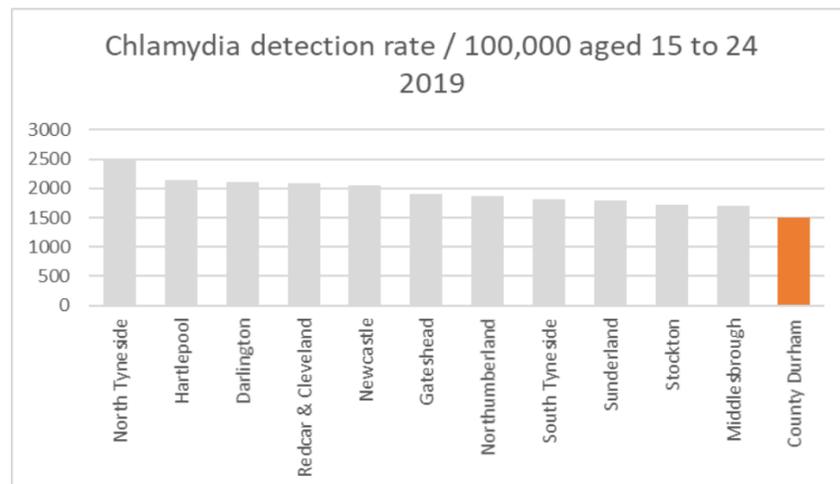
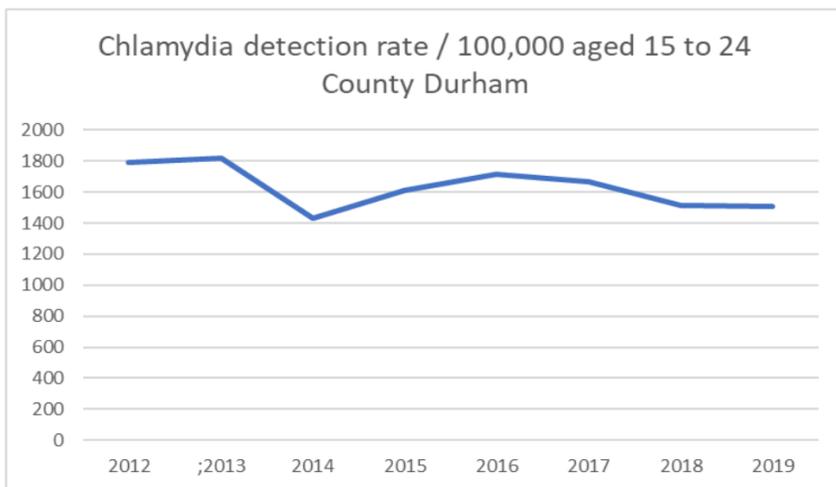
Adults with a learning disability who live in stable and appropriate accommodation

Working-age learning disabled clients who are living in their own home as a percentage of working-age learning disabled clients (aged 18-64)



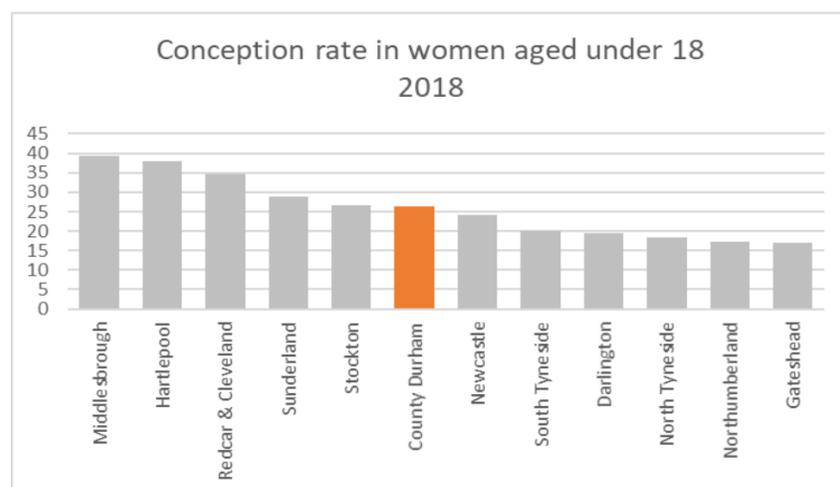
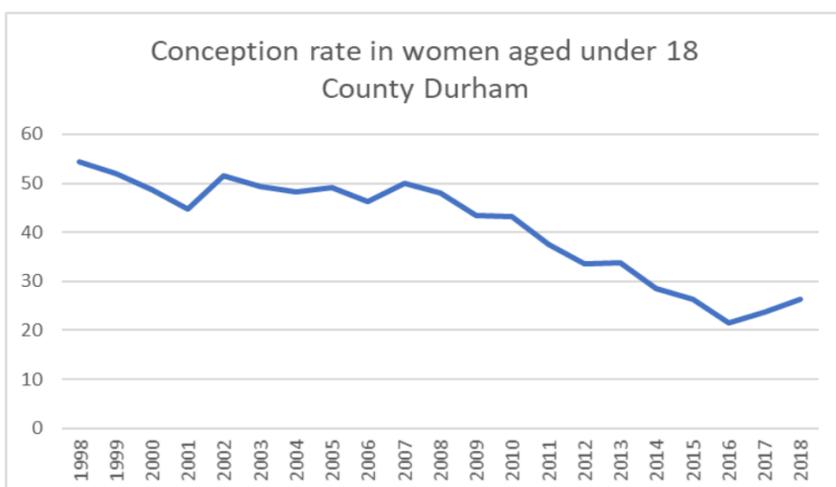
Sexual Health Indicators - Commentary

Chlamydia detection rate per 100,000 population aged 15 to 24



County Durham has the lowest chlamydia detection rate in the region among the 15 to 24 age group. Further work would be necessary to establish whether this represents a genuinely low prevalence or a less effective detection rate.

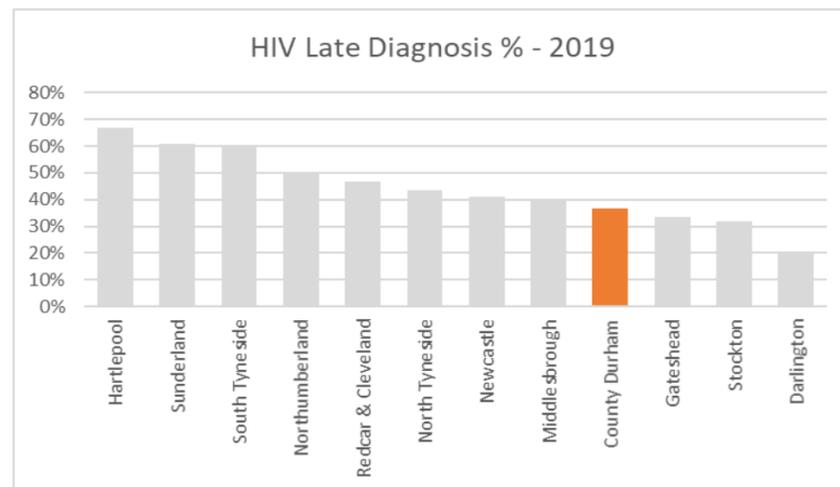
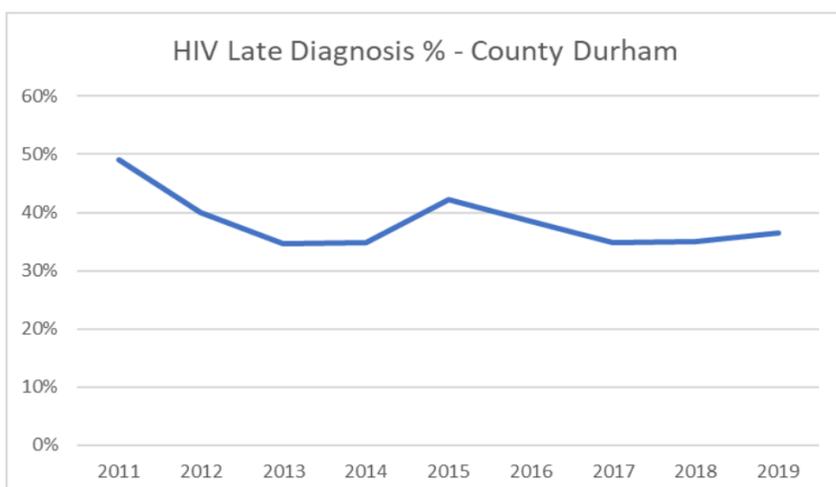
Under 18 conception rate per 1,000 women aged 15 to 17



County Durham's conception rate has declined significantly since 1998, reaching its lowest point in 2016, followed by a slight increase. It should be noted that Covid measures, particularly lockdown is expected to have impacted upon this measure during 2020 and 2021.

County Durham under 18 conception rate is broadly equivalent to the regional average - the highest rates can be found in Teesside.

HIV Late Diagnosis - Percentage of adults (aged 15 years or more) diagnosed with a CD4 cell count less than 350 cells per mm3 among all newly diagnosed adults with CD4 cell count

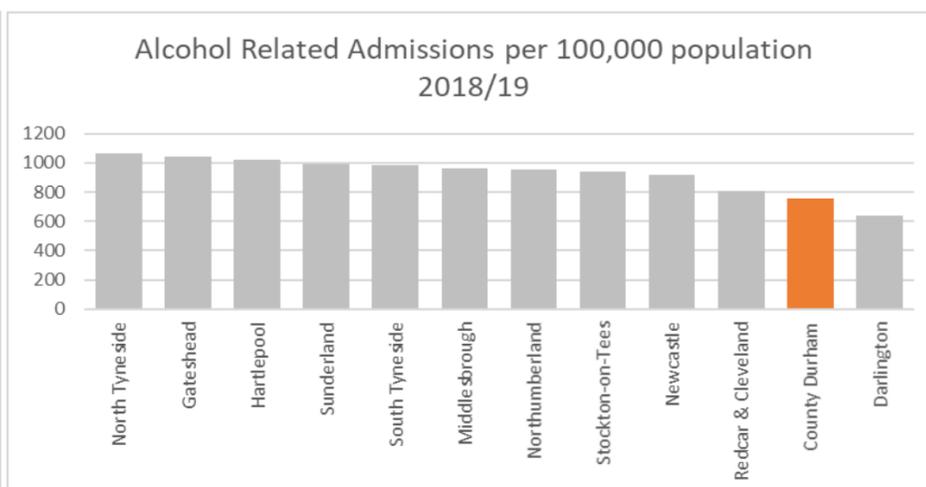
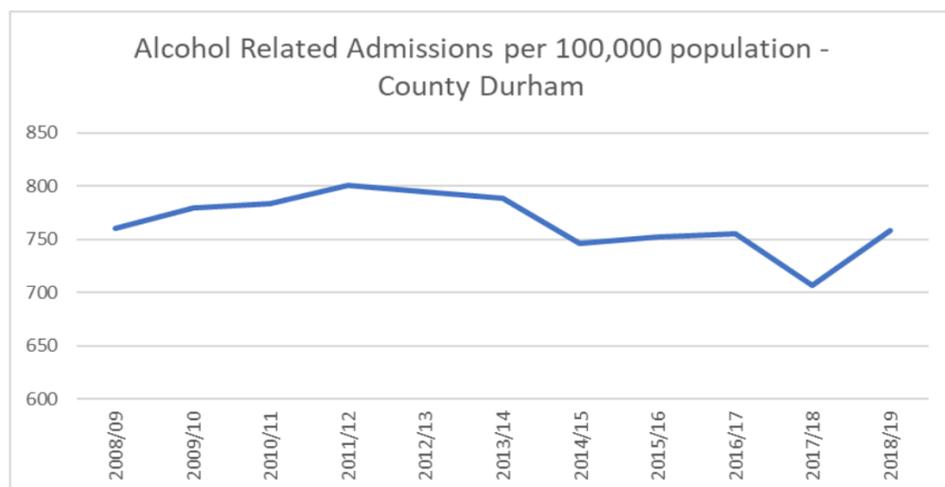


County Durham has a lower rate of late diagnosis for HIV than average for the region. It should be noted that there are relatively low numbers of new HIV diagnoses, particularly in smaller authorities like Hartlepool and Darlington which means results may not be statistically significant.



Drug and Alcohol Indicators - Commentary

Alcohol Related Admissions per 100,000 population



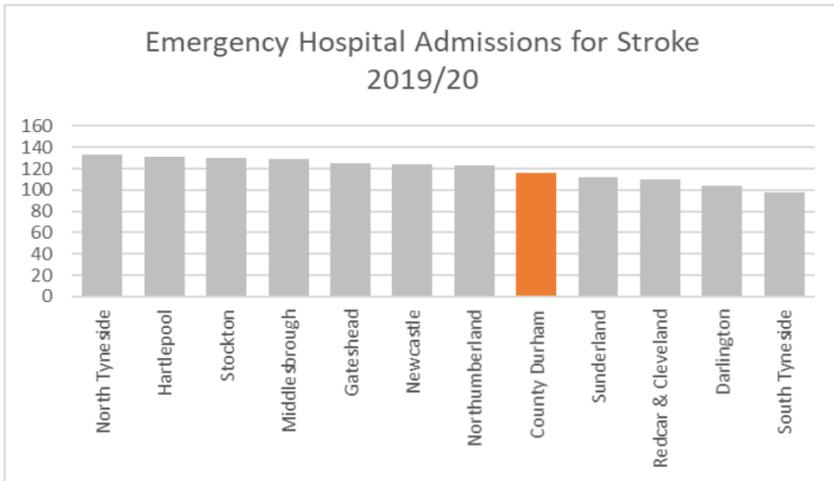
County Durham has one of the lowest rates of alcohol related admission of any North East local authority - however its rate (758) is still significantly above the England average (664 per 100,000).

The Local Alcohol Profile for England reports that County Durham is also above average in alcohol related mortality, alcohol specific mortality and alcohol related admissions for under 18s.



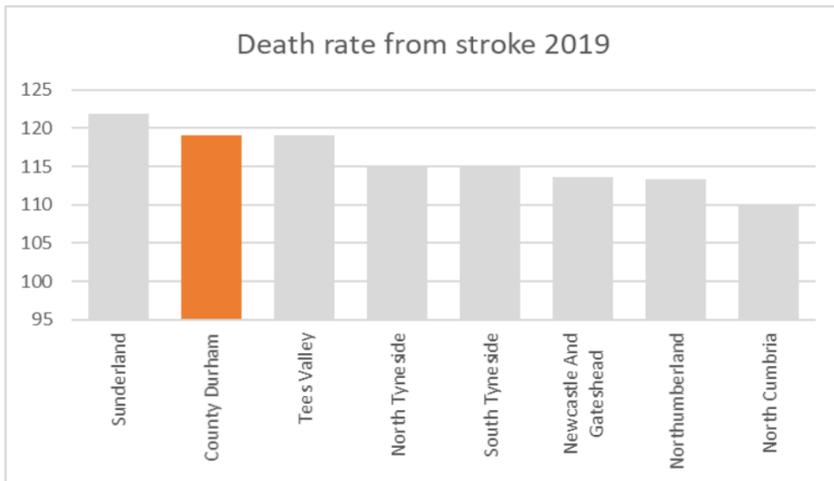
Stroke Indicators - Commentary

Emergency hospital admissions for stroke compared to expected admissions



100 = expected admissions

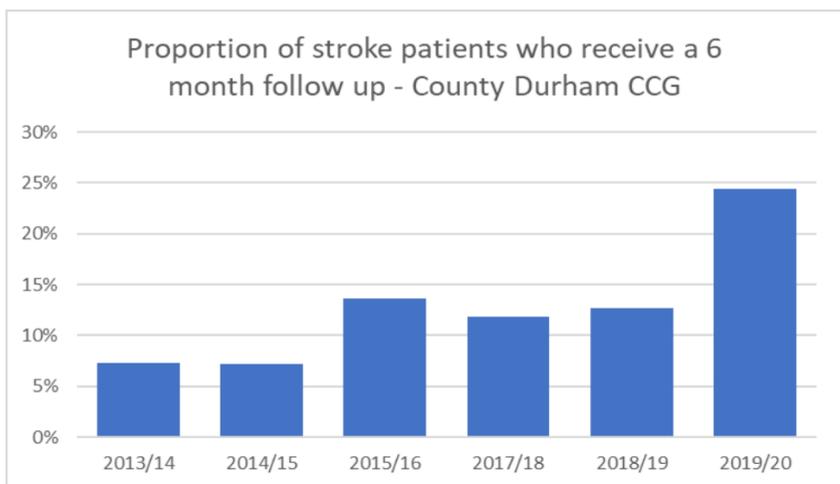
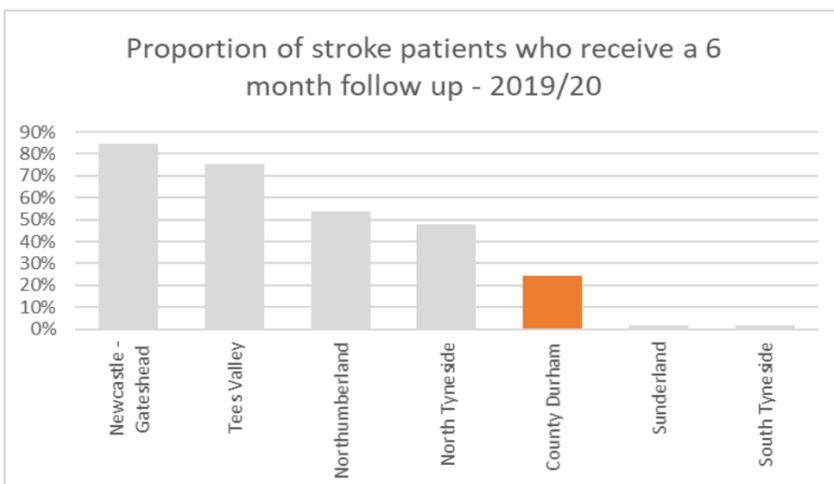
All age deaths from stroke compared to expected deaths



100 = expected deaths

County Durham has a death rate from stroke in excess of the regional average.

Proportion of stroke patients who receive a six month follow-up

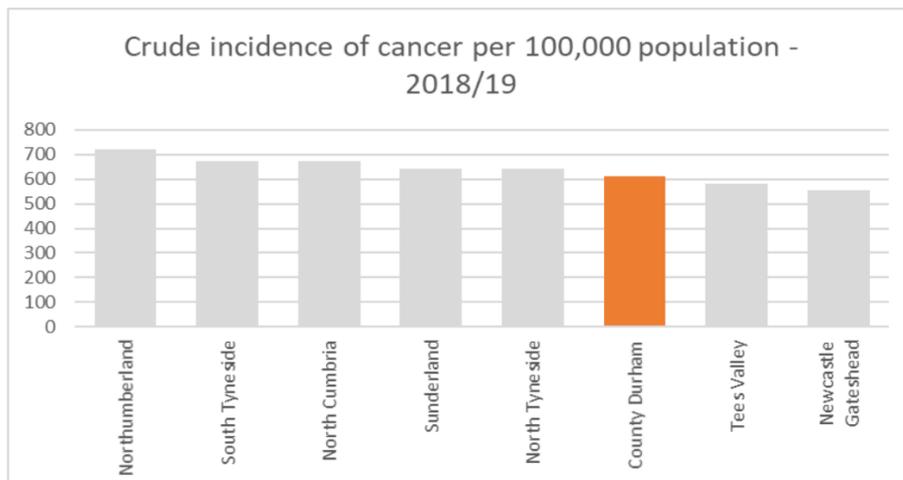
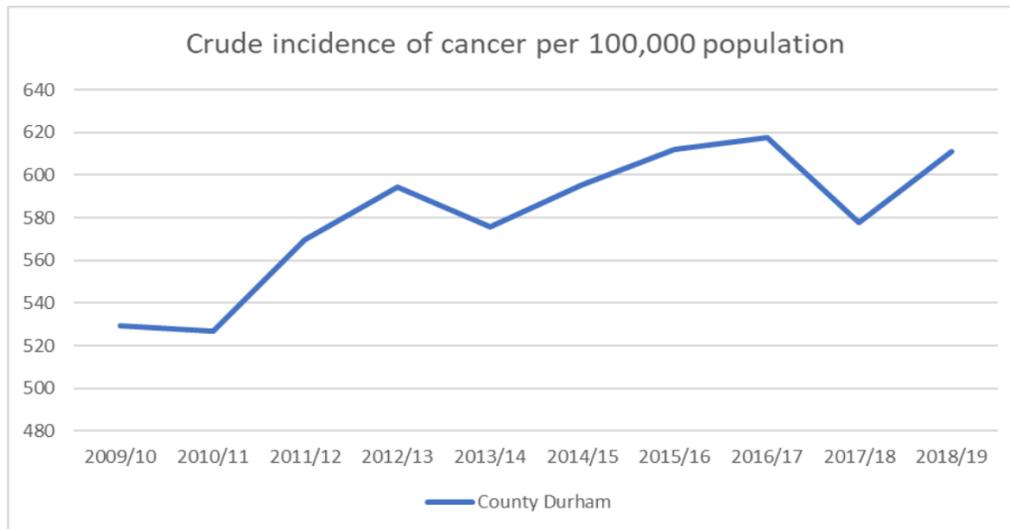


County Durham has one of the lower rates of stroke follow up in the North East. Sunderland and South Tyneside figures dropped so significantly going into 2019/20 that this suggests that the low proportion may reflect data issues rather than underlying practice.

County Durham has improved its proportion of patients receiving a six month follow up during recent years. Numbers in the old North Durham CCG area are much lower than DDES, suggesting differences at provider / site level may be an issue.

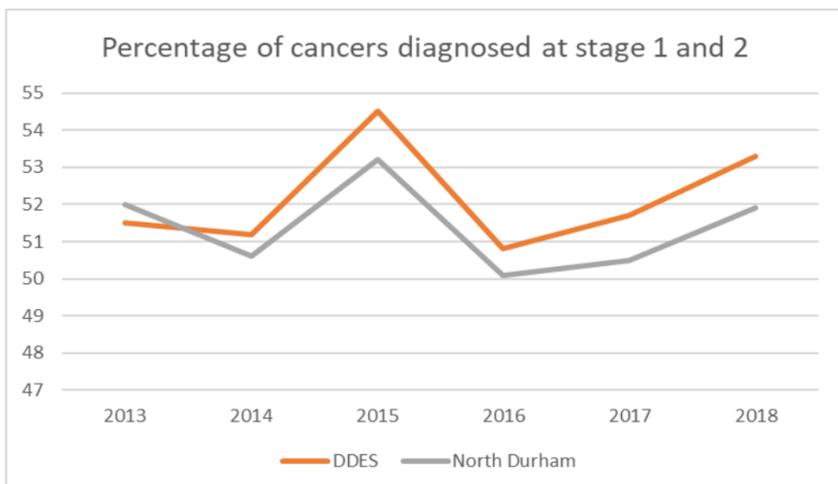
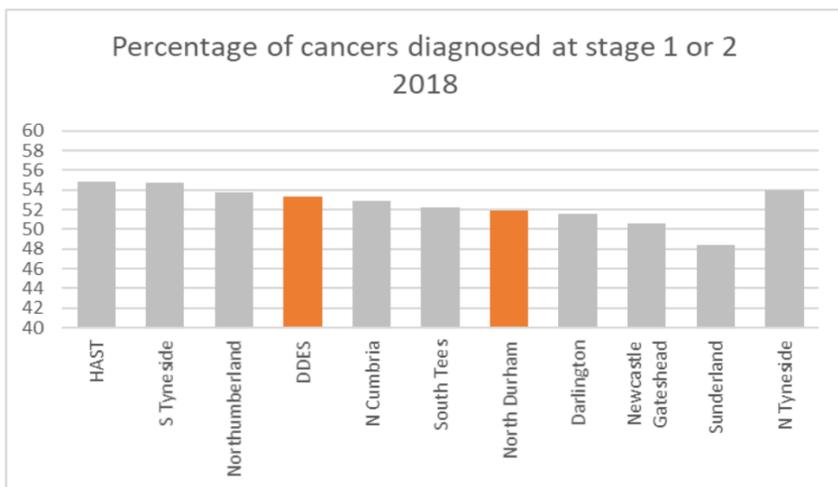
Cancer Indicators - Commentary

New cancer cases (Crude incidence rate: new cases per 100,000 population)



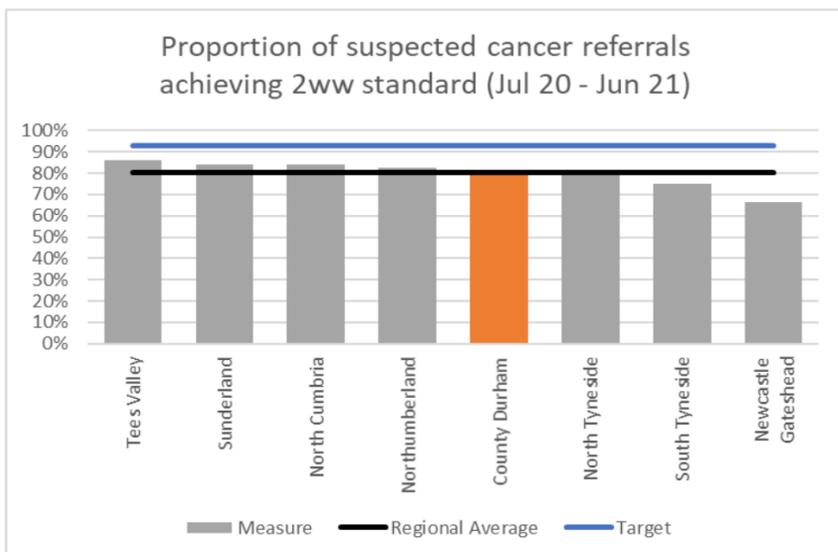
Crude incidence of cancer has generally increased over the past 10 years. County Durham's incidence is below the regional average. This should be read alongside the

Percentage of cancers diagnosed at stage 1 and 2 (%)



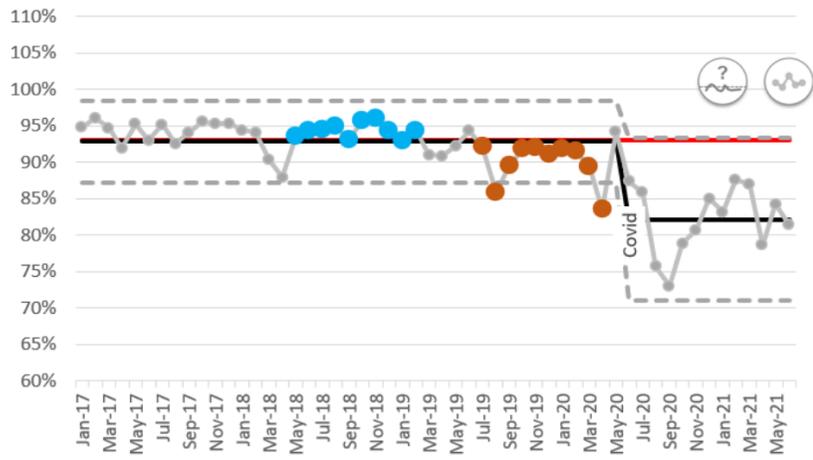
Most CCGs in the North East have broadly similar early detection rates, and as at 2018/19 neither County Durham CCGs were outliers within the region. Improving this proportion should lead to better clinical outcomes and more appropriate treatment.

Proportion of suspected cancer referrals achieving 2ww standard

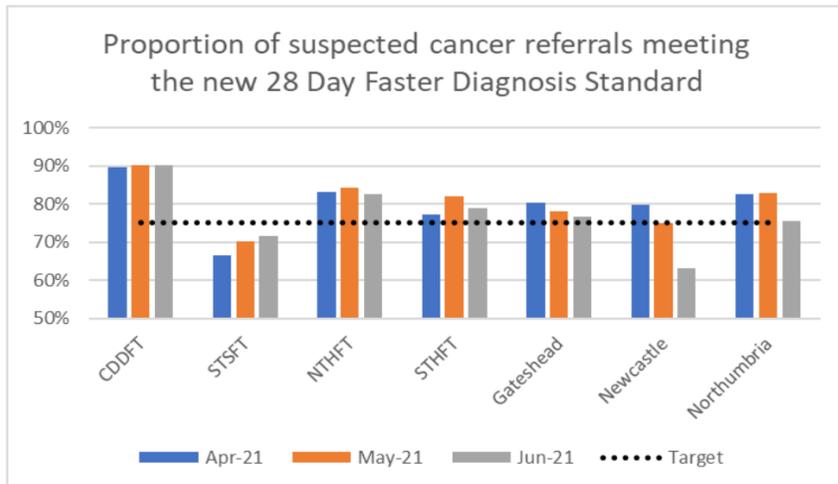


None of the NE CCGs has achieved the national target for 2ww referrals over the past year. County Durham is average within the North East. Performance for County Durham was already below target prior to the spring 2020 Covid disruption but this (in common with other CCGs) dropped sharply. County Durham is likely to need significant system change to consistently achieve target in future.

% of suspected cancer referrals achieving 2ww standard

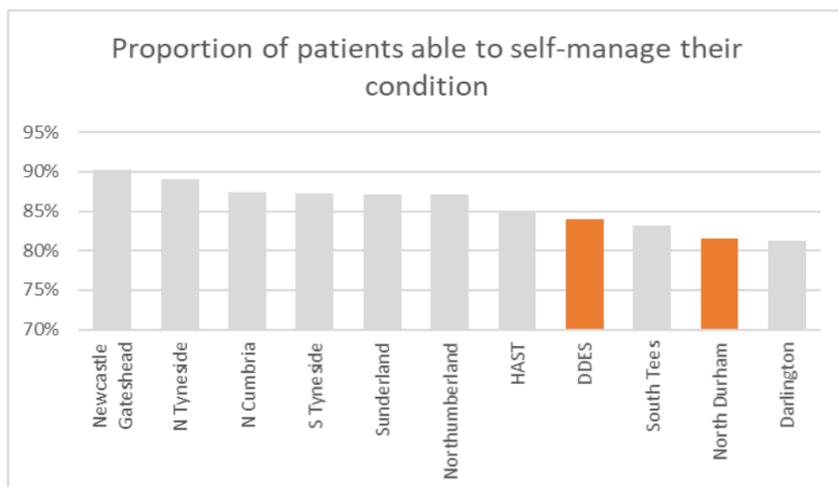
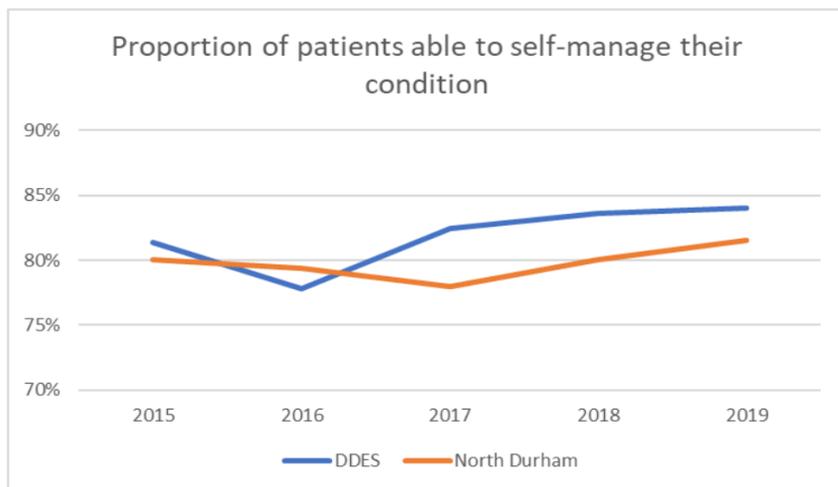


Proportion of suspected cancer referrals meeting the new 28 Day Faster Diagnosis Standard



Achievement of the 28 Day Faster Diagnosis Standard varies significantly by provider. Of County Durham's main providers, CDDFT and NTHFT have achieved this target for all of M1-3 2021/22

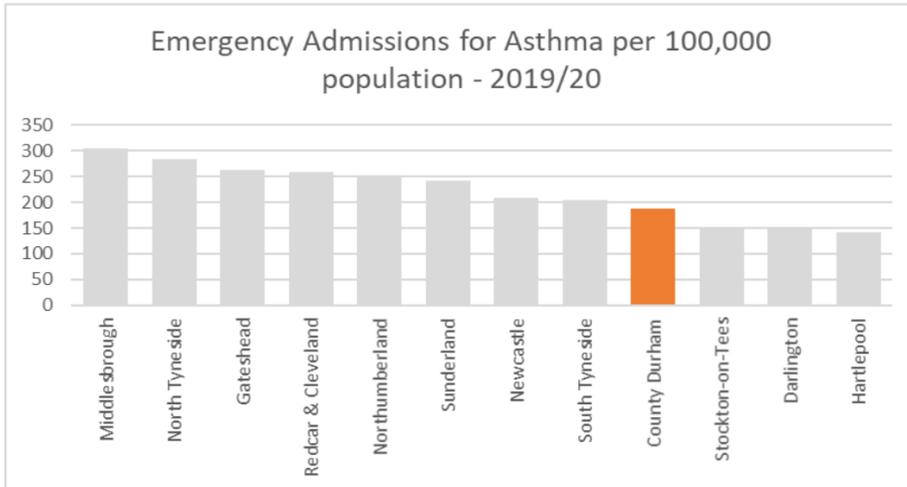
Proportion of patients able to self-manage their condition



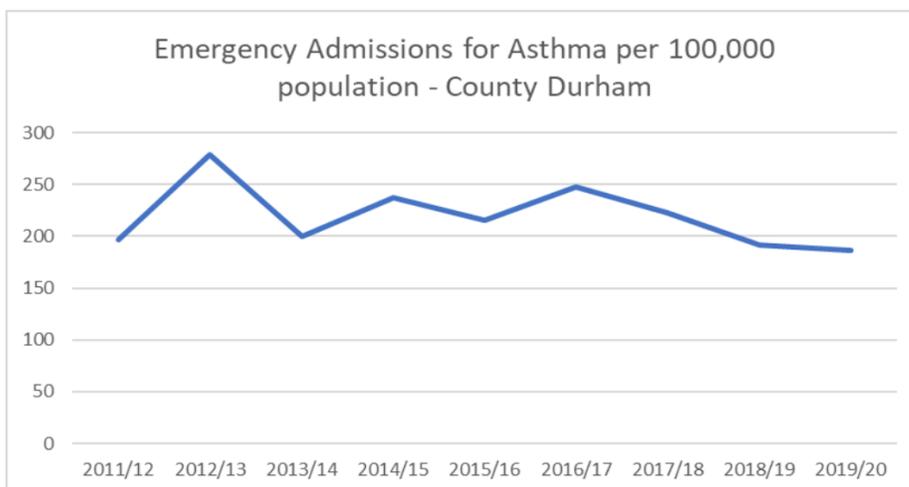
The (then) two County Durham CCGs had a lower than average proportion of patients reporting they were able to self manage their condition - an issue shared across the South ICP.

Respiratory Indicators - Commentary

Emergency admissions for asthma per 100,000 population



County Durham has a rate of asthma admission below that of the regional average. Further examination may show provider level differences, with admission rates at CDDFT and NTHFT significantly lower than some peers.

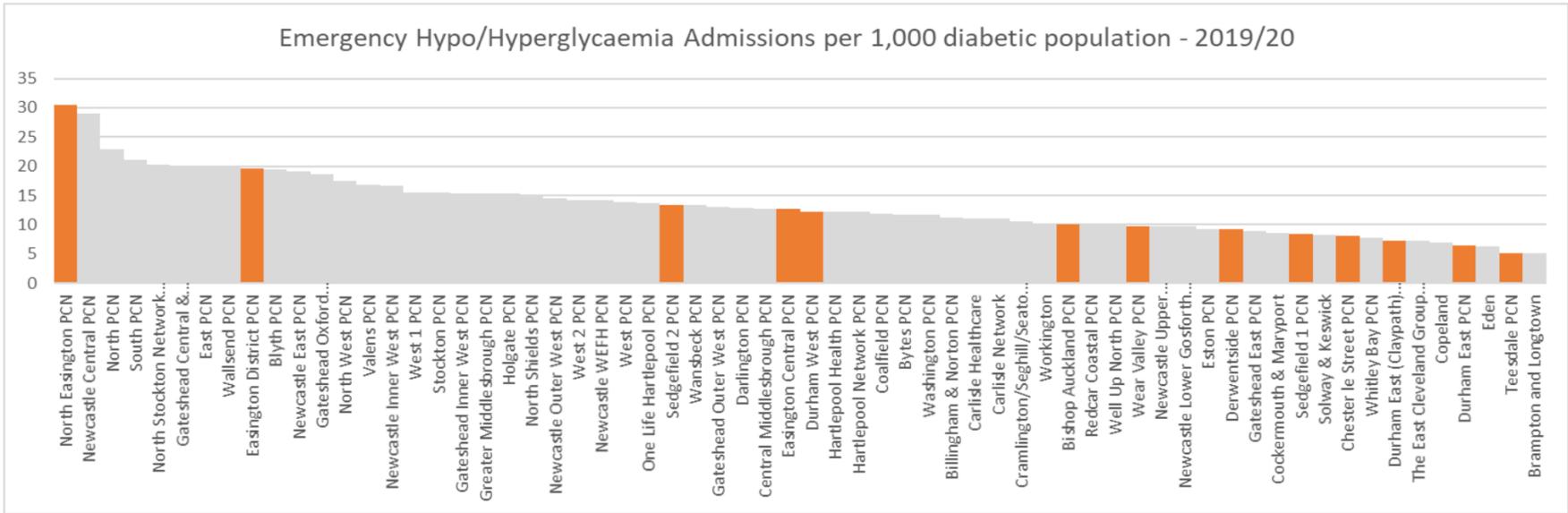


Asthma admissions have been on a general declining trend for County Durham over the past ten years. Based on SUS data and in common with the rest of England admissions for asthma dropped significantly during 2020/21 following the introduction of Covid-related lockdowns.



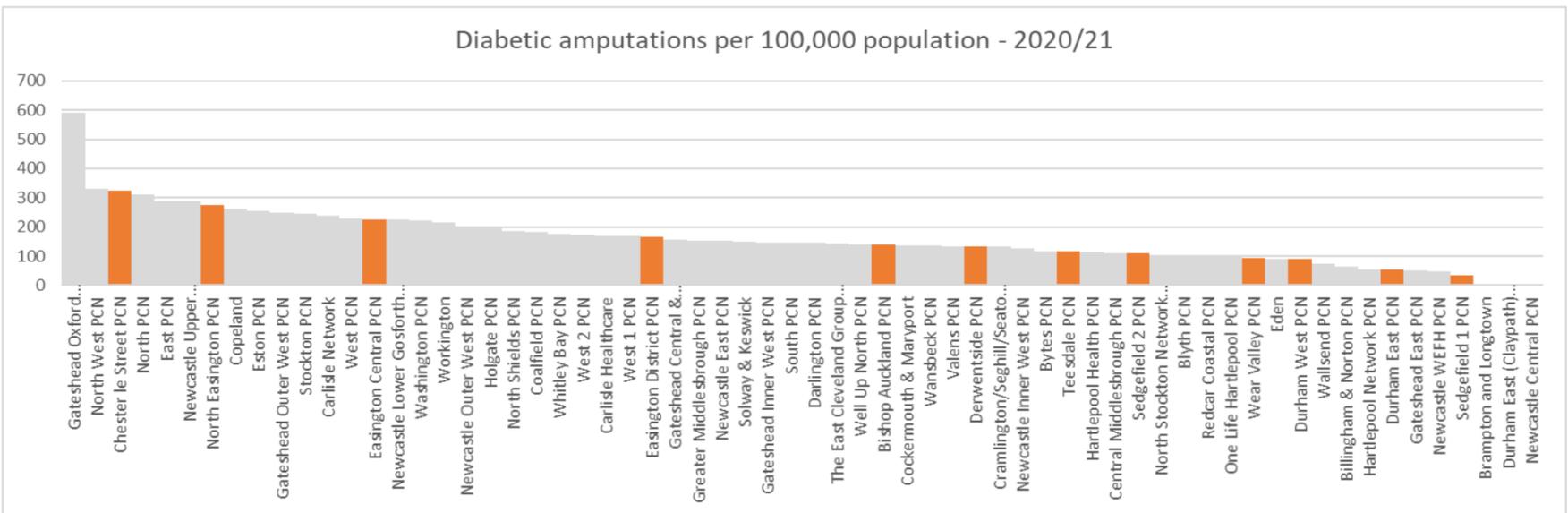
Diabetes Indicators - Commentary

Emergency Admissions for Hypoglycaemia / Hyperglycaemia



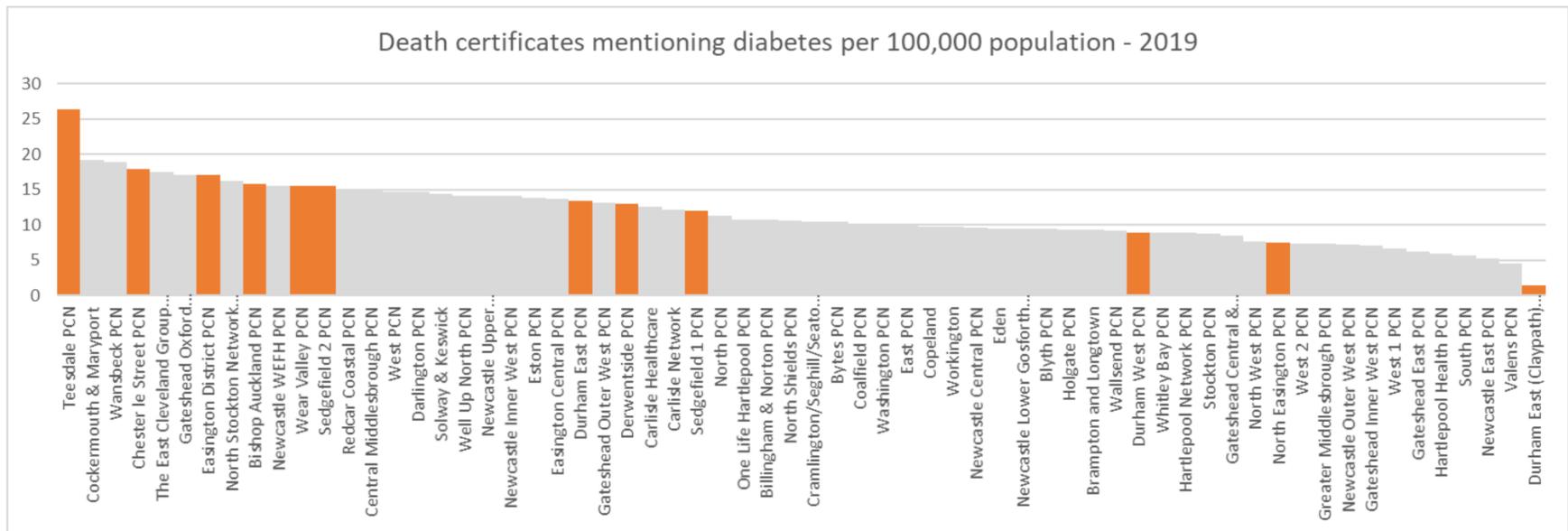
There is significant differences in admission rates between PCNs within the county. Most of County Durham's PCNs are below the regional average, but all three Easington PCNs are above average. These PCNs use different main providers so this is unlikely to represent differences in hospital admission methods.

Diabetic Amputations



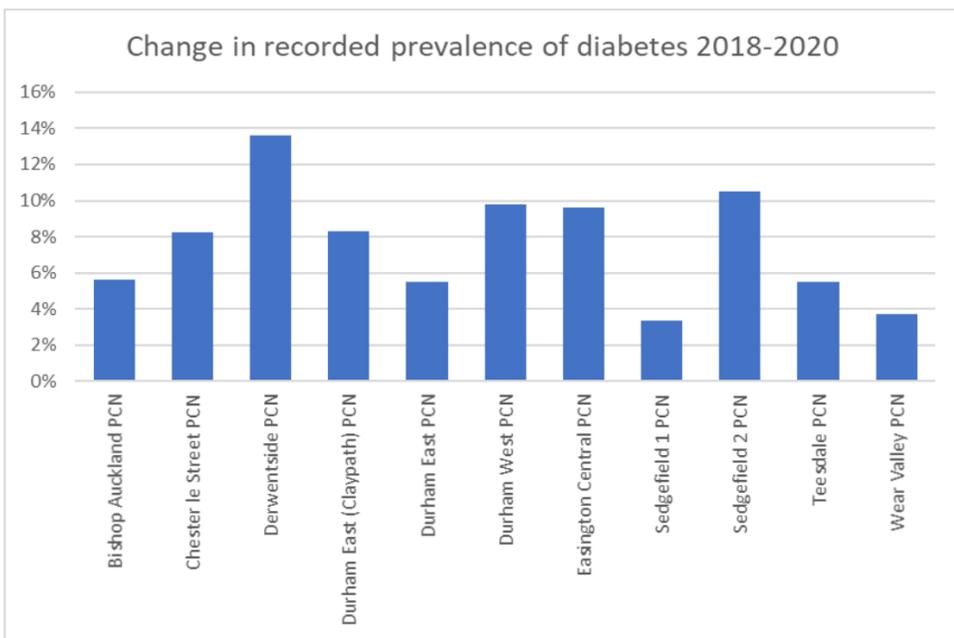
Numbers of amputations are low at PCN level, with few PCNs with more than 10 amputations in a year - making it difficult to identify statistically significance at single PCN level - however it is worth noting that the majority of County Durham PCNs have a lower amputation rate than the regional average. All three Easington PCNs have above average amputation rates.

Recorded involvement of diabetes on death certificates



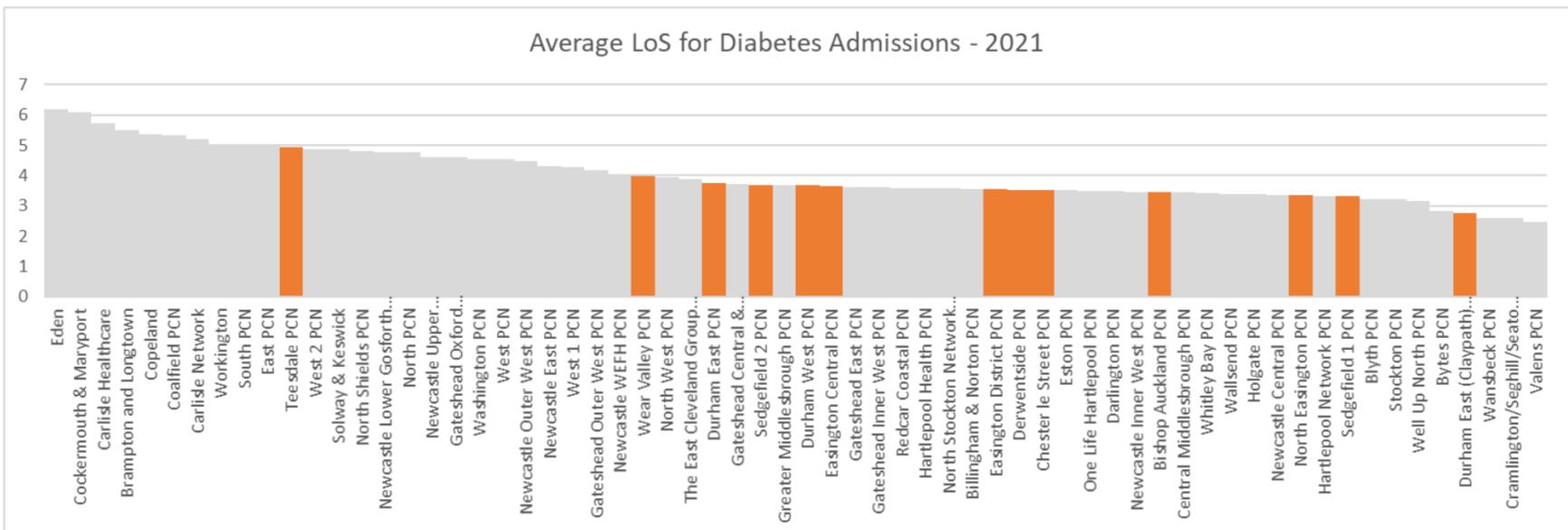
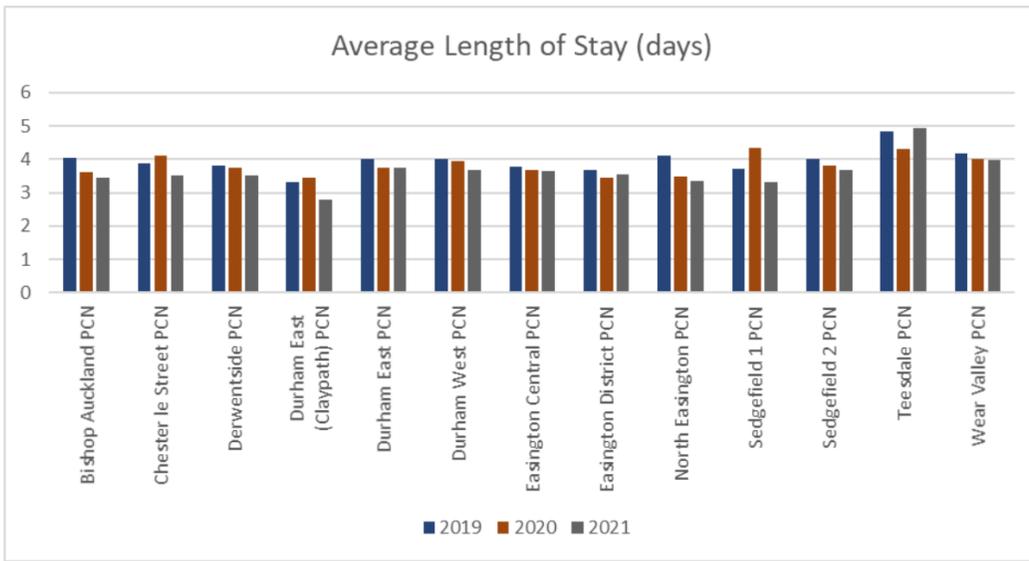
163 deaths in County Durham recorded diabetes as a cause of death in 2019. Most County Durham PCNs fall within the worst quartile for rates of diabetes related deaths. Further work should be carried out to assess potential factors which are outside the control of the PCN e.g. age, deprivation, prevalence and those that can be impacted upon by PCNs, e.g. disease management in primary care, community care and hospitals.

Reduction in diabetes prevalence



Recorded prevalence of diabetes has increased in all County Durham PCNs, with two PCNs with increases in recorded prevalence of 10% or higher over two years. Easington District and North Easington are not shown as further work is required to account for practice mergers.

Average Length of Stay for Diabetes Hospital Admissions

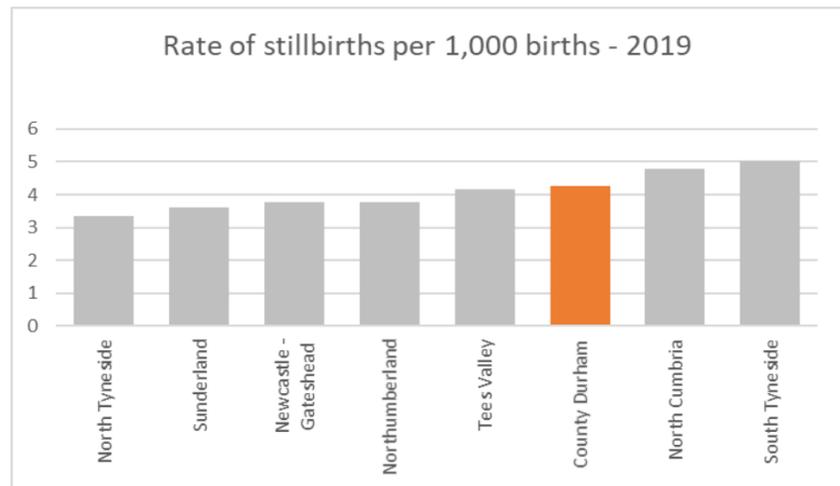
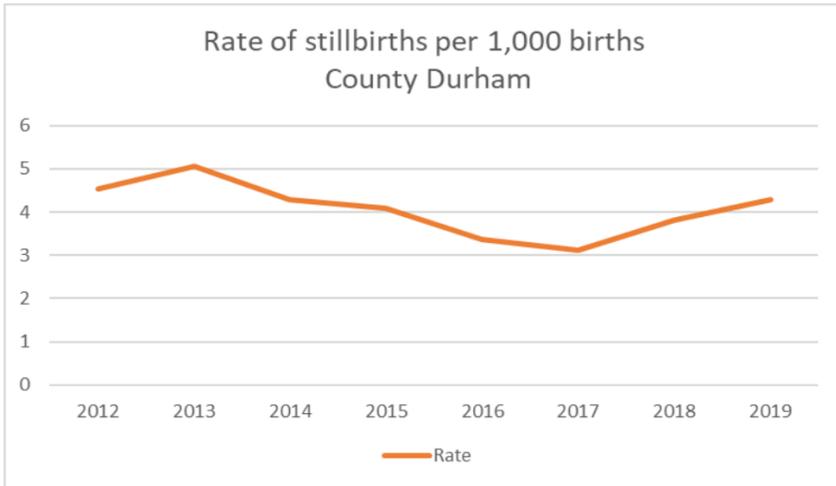


Durham PCNs have largely average lengths of stay compared to other PCNs in the region. Teesdale PCN has a higher length of stay - in line with many rural PCNs in the region.

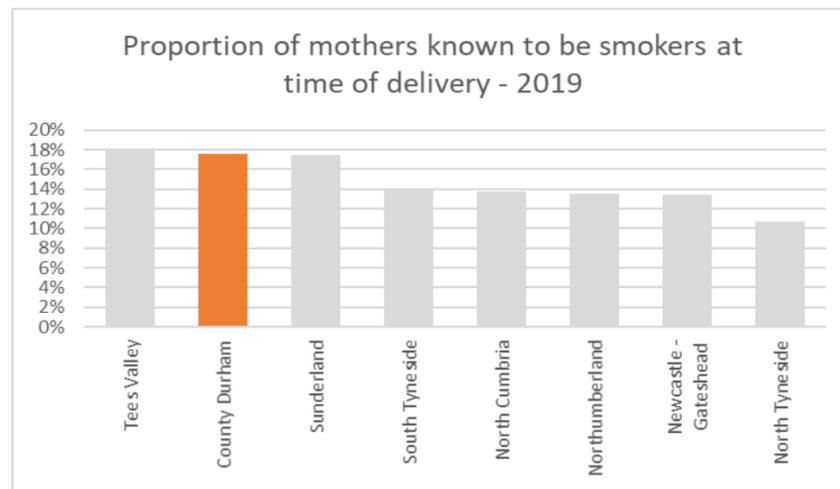
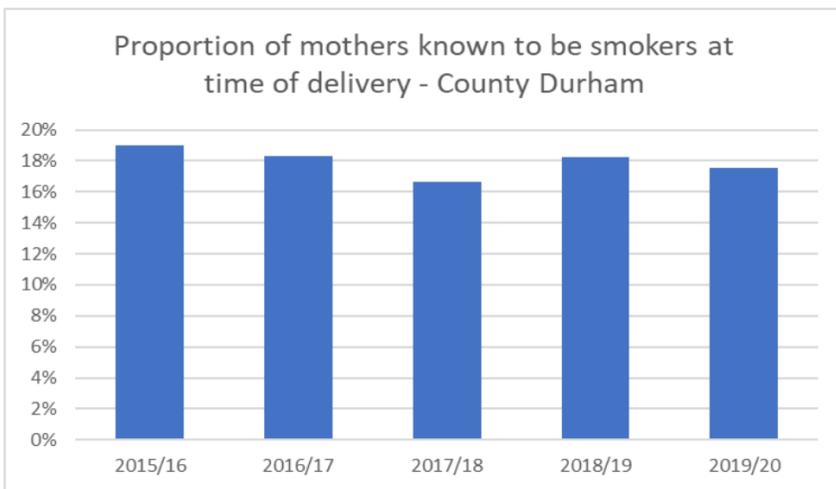
Maternity Indicators - Commentary

Rates of stillbirths per 1,000 births

Rate of stillbirths (foetal deaths occurring after 24 weeks of gestation) for all maternal ages occurring in the respective calendar years per 1,000 births

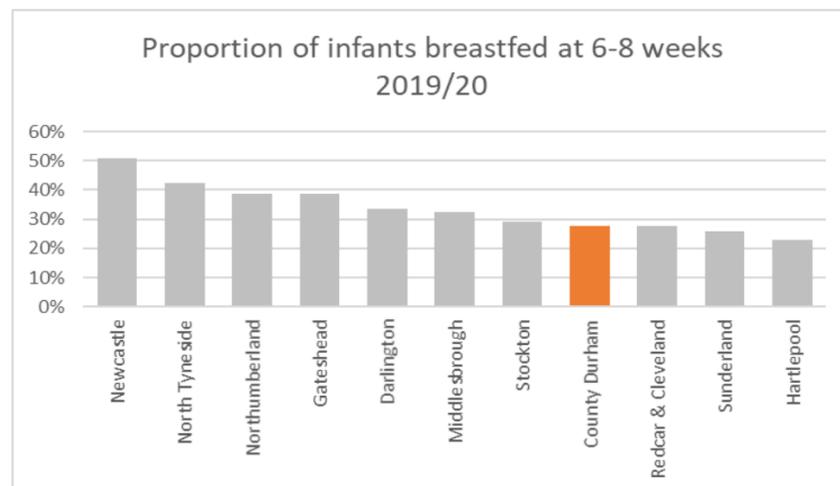
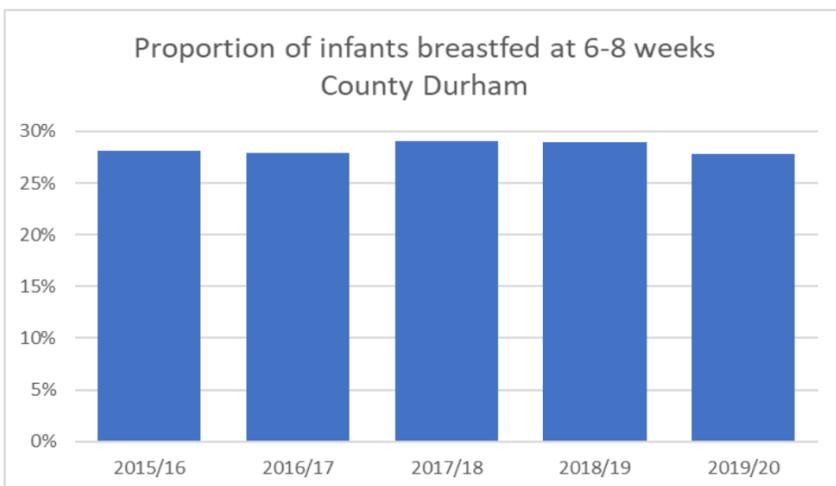


Smoking at time of delivery



County Durham has the second highest rate of mothers smoking at time of delivery, with only the Tees Valley higher.

Proportion of infants partly or wholly breastfed at 6-8 weeks

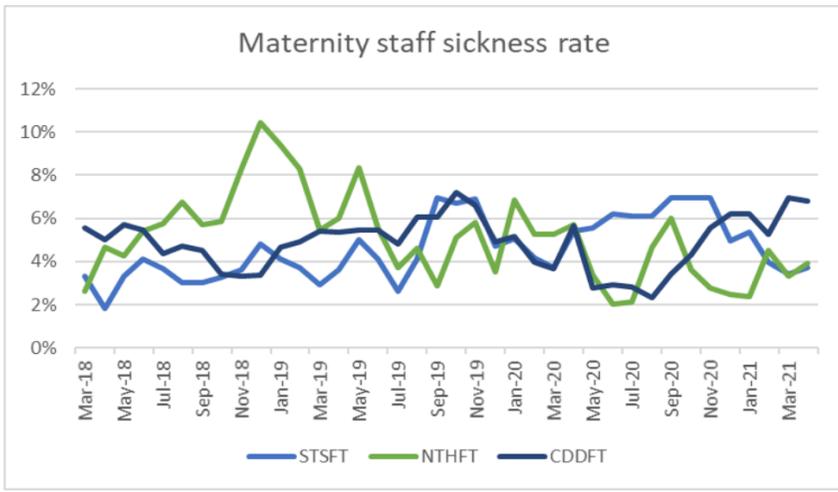


County Durham's rate for breastfeeding at 6-8 weeks is below the regional average.

% Staff Turnover Rate in Maternity Services

There is significant fluctuation from month to month in staff turnover. As of May 2021 NTHFT was the only one of County Durham's main acute providers to have a staff turnover higher than 2%.

Sickness absence rates in maternity services

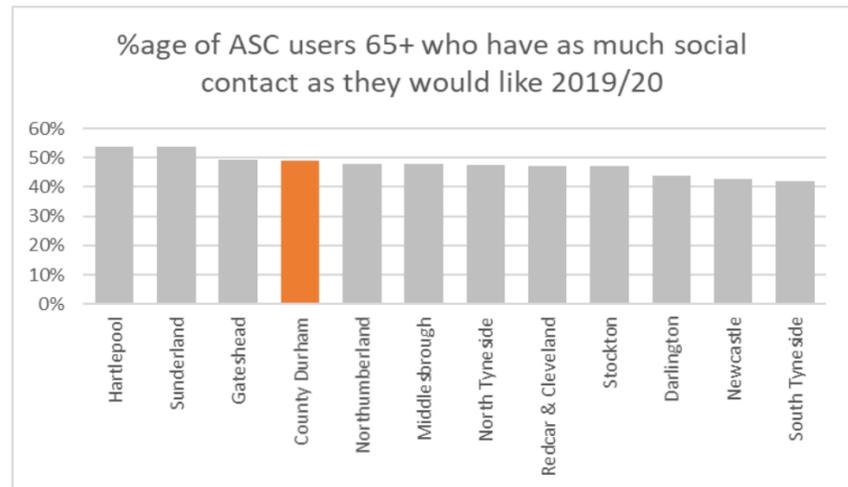
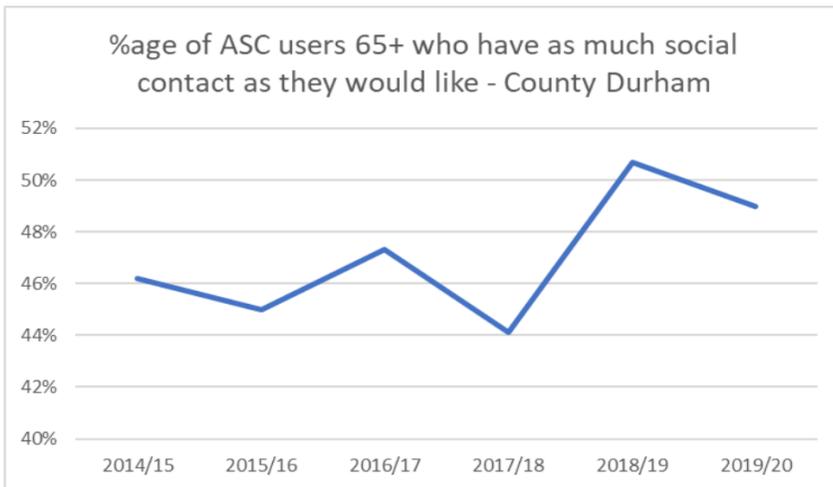


There is significant fluctuation in sickness absence from month to month. As of April 2021 CDDFT was the only of County Durham's main providers to have a staff sickness rate of more than 5%.



Ageing Well Indicators - Commentary

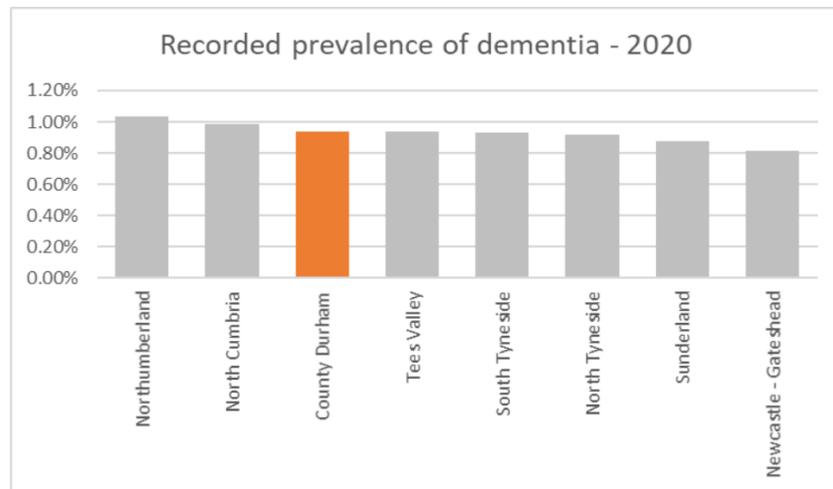
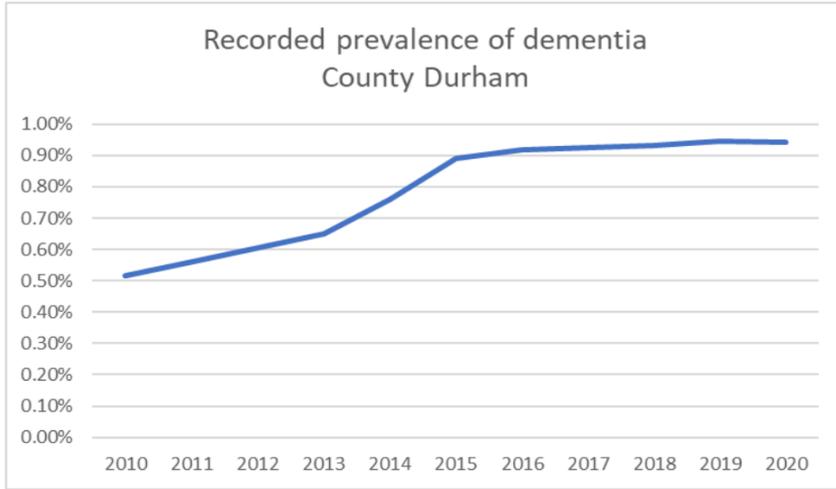
Proportion of adult social care user aged 65+ years who have as much social contact as they would like





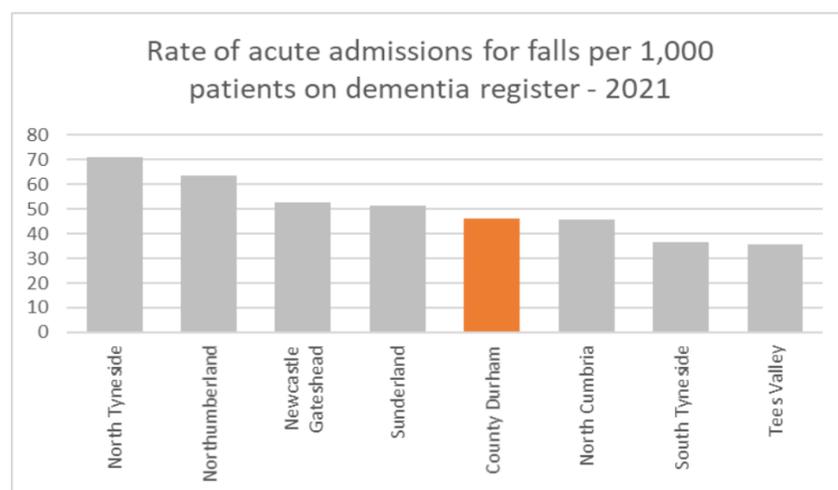
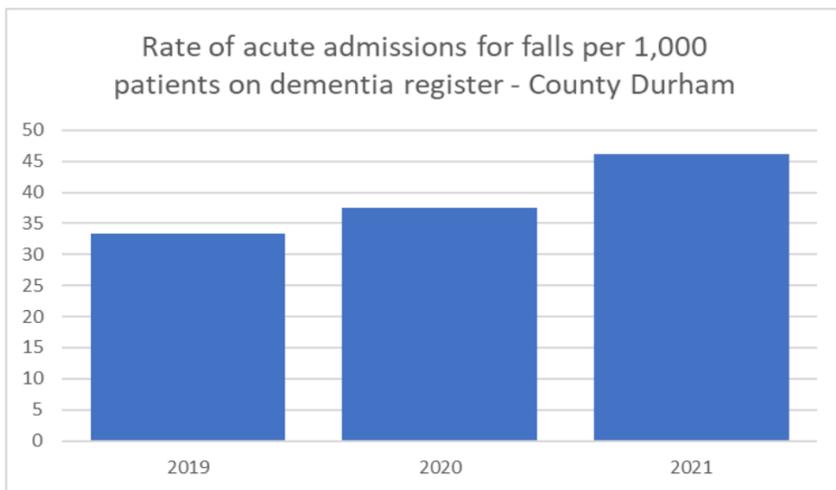
Dementia Indicators - Commentary

Recorded dementia prevalence (QOF)



Dementia prevalence rose significantly between 2010 and 2015 due to improved case finding and national priorities around diagnosis. County Durham has a prevalence rate broadly in line with the regional average.

Rate of acute admissions for falls per 1,000 patients on dementia register



Acute admissions for falls of dementia patients have increased each year since 2019 for County Durham. Rates for County Durham are marginally below the regional average.



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